## Rules of Divisibility

| Divisible by: | Test | Example |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Last digit is even $(=0,2,4,6$ or 8$)$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,489,076: \\ & \text { Last digit }=6 \text { (even) } \\ & 6=3 \times 2 \end{aligned}$ |
| $3$ | 1. The sum of the digits of the number is divisible by 3 <br> Can repeat until sum is 2 -digit number that is/not recognizably divisible by 3 | $\begin{aligned} & 16,499,205,854,376: \\ & 1+6+4+9+9+2+0+5 \\ & +8+5+4+3+7+6=69 \\ & 6+9=15 \\ & 15=5 \times 3 \end{aligned}$ |
| 4 | 1. Last 2 digits are divisible by 4 <br> 2. Tens digit is even and the ones digit $=0,4$, or 8 <br> 3. Tens digit is odd and the ones digit $=2$ or 6 | 358,912: <br> 1. Last 2 digits $=12$ <br> $12=3 \times 4$ <br> 2. Tens digit $=1$, odd $\&$ ones digit $=\mathbf{2}$ |
| 5 | Last digit is 5 or 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 3,783,953,495 \text { : } \\ & \text { Last digit }=\mathbf{5} \end{aligned}$ |
| 6 | Divisible by 2 (even) and 3 | 57,342 <br> Last digit $=\mathbf{2}$ (even) and $5+7+3+4+2=21$, divisible by 3 |
| $7$ | Double the last digit, then subtract the result from the rest of the digits. <br> Repeat for larger numbers until result is a 2-digit number; 2 -digit number is divisible by 7 | $\begin{aligned} & 357: \\ & 2 \times 7=14 \text { (double the last digit) } \\ & 35-14=21 \text { (subtract) } \\ & 21=3 \times 7 \end{aligned}$ |
| 8 | 1. Hundreds digit even: last 2 digits divisible by 8 <br> 2. Hundreds digit odd: add 4 to the last 2 digits and sum is divisible by 8 <br> 3. Last 3 digits divisible by 8 | 986,104: <br> 1. Hundreds digit $=1$, odd $04+4=8$ <br> 2. Last 3 digits $=104$ $104=13 \times 8$ |
| 9 | The sum of the digits of the number is divisible by 9 | $\begin{aligned} & 24,343,785: \\ & 2+4+3+4+3+7+8+5=36 \\ & 36=4 \times 9 \end{aligned}$ |
| 10 | Last digit is 0 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 34,789,013,467,593,487,540: } \\ & \text { Last digit = } \mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ |
| $11$ | 1. Alternately subtract, then add the digits from $L$ to $R$; the sum is divisible by 11 <br> 2. Subtract the last digit from the rest | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 918,082: } \\ & \text { 1. } 9-1+8-0+8-2=22 \\ & \quad 22=2 \times \mathbf{1 1} \\ & 627: \\ & \text { 2. } 62-7=55 \\ & 55=5 \times \mathbf{1 1} \end{aligned}$ |


| Divisible <br> by: | Test | Example |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |


| 12 | Divisible by 3 and 4 | 324: <br> $3+2+4=9$, divisible by $\mathbf{3}$ and Last 2 digits $=24$, divisible by 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 13 | Add 4 times the last digit to the rest of the digits. Repeat until sum is/not recognizably divisible by 13 | $\begin{aligned} & 637: \\ & 63+(7 \times 4)=91 \\ & 9+(1 \times 4)=13 \end{aligned}$ |
| $14$ | Divisible by 2 and 7 | 182: <br> Last digit $=2$ (even), divisible by 2 and $2 \times 2=4$ (double the last digit) <br> $18-4=14$, divisible by 7 |
| 15 | Divisible by 3 and 5 | 345: <br> $3+4+5=12$, divisible by 3 and Last digit $=5$, divisible by 5 |
| $16$ | 1. Thousands place even: take the last 3 digits <br> 2. Thousands place odd: add 8 to the last 3 digits <br> 3. With the 3-digit number: multiply hundreds digit by 4 , then add the last 2 digits | 254,176: <br> Thousands digit $=4$, so 176 $\begin{aligned} & (1 \times 4)+76=80 \\ & 80=5 \times 16 \\ & 693,408: \end{aligned}$ <br> Thousands digit $=3$, so $408+8=416$ $\begin{aligned} & (4 \times 4)+16=32 \\ & 32=2 \times 16 \end{aligned}$ |
| $17$ | Subtract 5 times the last digit from the rest | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 221: } \\ & 22-(1 \times 5)=\mathbf{1 7} \end{aligned}$ |
| 18 | Divisible by 2 and 9 | 35,406: <br> Last digit $=2$ (even), divisible by 2 and $3+5+4+0+6=18$, divisible by 9 |
| 19 | Add twice the last digit to the rest | $\begin{aligned} & 437: \\ & 43+(7 \times 2)=57 \\ & 5+(7 \times 2)=\mathbf{1 9} \end{aligned}$ |
| $20$ | Divisible by 10 and the tens digit is even | 360: <br> Last digit $=\mathbf{0}$ and tens digit $=6$ is even |
| $25$ | Last 2 digits are 25,50 or 75 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 895,438,675: Last } \\ & 2 \text { digits = 75 } \\ & 7,325: \\ & \text { Last } 2 \text { digits }=\mathbf{2 5} \end{aligned}$ |
| $50$ | Last 2 digits are 50 or 00 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 686,352,400: Last } \\ & 2 \text { digits = 00 } \\ & \text { 327,950: } \\ & \text { Last } 2 \text { digits }=\mathbf{5 0} \end{aligned}$ |

