## Expressions Written in Terms of One Variable

| Translations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| + | - | $\times$ OR | $\div$ OR $a_{b}$ | $=$ | $(\quad)$ |  |
| sum <br> increased by <br> more and <br> plus <br> combined <br> together | difference <br> subtract <br> minus <br> decreased by <br> less take <br> away | of <br> product <br> multiple <br> twice | quotient per <br> ratio <br> divided by <br> shared | is <br> are <br> were <br> will be gives <br> totals <br> makes | times the <br> difference of <br> twice the <br> sum of more <br> than the <br> difference of <br> less than the <br> sum of |  |

EXAMPLE: Write a math expression to represent: Twice the sum of nine and a number.

SOLUTION: Assign a variable each time an unknown number is mentioned, translate any mathematical terms, and simplify.

STEP 1: Assign the variable $n$ to the


STEP 2: Replace any translations with math terms


#### Abstract

and simplify the answer as needed.


$$
\begin{aligned}
& 2(9+n) \\
& \mathbf{1 8}+\mathbf{2 n}
\end{aligned}
$$

EXAMPLE: Write a math expression to represent: Three less than one half of a number.

SOLUTION: Assign a variable each time an unknown number is mentioned, translate any mathematical terms, and simplify.

STEP 1: Assign the variable $n$ to the of a number

| Three | less than | one half |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

unknown number and write any translation 3 subtracted from $\frac{1}{2}$ times $n$ words.

STEP 2: Replace any translations with math terms and simplify the answer as needed.

1
_n-3
2

## Expressions Written in Terms of One Variable

A tactic for translating expressions is to describe two or more unknown numbers in terms of only one variable. It is important to make a good choice for the unknown number that the variable represents.

EXAMPLE: "The length of a rectangle is 3 ft . longer than the width." Write a variable expression for each unknown by assigning a variable for one of the unknowns and using that same variable in an expression which represents the given relationship between the two unknowns.

SOLUTION: Consider the basic relationship:
The length is 3 ft . longer than the width.
length $=3+$ width
Let $\underline{w}=$ width
Then $3+w$ or $\underline{\boldsymbol{w}+\mathbf{3}}=$ length

A situation that occurs frequently in math problems is to know the sum of two numbers and have to write a variable expression for each number.

Use one variable to represent two unknown parts when the sum of the two parts is known:
Let $\underline{\boldsymbol{x}}=$ one part
Then total $-\boldsymbol{x}=$ the other part

EXAMPLE: The sum of two numbers is 23 .
SOLUTION: Let $\underline{\boldsymbol{n}}=$ one of the numbers (it does not matter which number) then $\underline{\mathbf{2 3}-\boldsymbol{n}}=$ the other number.

EXAMPLE: A board is 8 ft . long. It is cut into two pieces. Write a variable expression to represent the length of each piece.

## SOLUTION: Drawing helps.



The sum of the two pieces is 8 ft .
We can let $\underline{\boldsymbol{n}}=$ the length of one piece.
The length of the other piece would be what's left after cutting $n$ from 8 .
That would be $\boldsymbol{8 - \boldsymbol { n }}$ (the sum $-n$ ).

## Expressions Written in Terms of One Variable - Exercises

Assign the variable $n$ to the number and write a mathematical expression for the sentence.

1. Twelve more than the product of fifteen and a number.
2. Half of the difference of seven and a number.
3. The product of 6 less than a number and 5 .

Tell which unknown the variable represents.
Use that variable in expressions to represent the other unknown number(s).
4. The width of a rectangle is 2 cm less than the length.

Let $n=$ $\qquad$ then $\qquad$
= $\qquad$
5. The number of nickels is three times the number of dimes.

The number of quarters is two more than the number of dimes.
Let $n=$ the number of $\qquad$ then
$\qquad$ = the number of $\qquad$ and
$\qquad$ $=$ the number of $\qquad$
6. The price of the hardback book is one dollar less than twice the price of the paperback book.
Let $n=$ price of the $\qquad$ book then
$\qquad$ = price of the $\qquad$ book
7. The sum of two numbers is 15 . Let $\qquad$ = one number and $\qquad$ $=$ the other number
8. A total of $\$ 7,000$ was invested. Part of it was invested in stocks and the rest of it was invested in bonds.
Let $\qquad$ = the amount invested in stocks, and
$\qquad$ $=$ the amount invested in bonds.

## Answer Key

1. $\mathbf{1 5 n}+\mathbf{1 2}$ 6. $n=$ price of paperback book
2. $\frac{1}{2}(7-n) \quad 2 \boldsymbol{n}-\mathbf{1}=$ price of hardback book
3. $5(n-6) \quad$ 7. $\boldsymbol{n}=$ one number
4. $n=$ length, $\boldsymbol{n} \mathbf{- 2}=$ width $\mathbf{1 5} \mathbf{- n}=$ the other number
5. dimes 8. $\boldsymbol{n}=$ the amount invested in stocks
$\mathbf{3 n}$ = number of nickels
$7000-\boldsymbol{n}=$ the amount invested in bonds
$\boldsymbol{n}+\mathbf{2}=$ number of quarters
