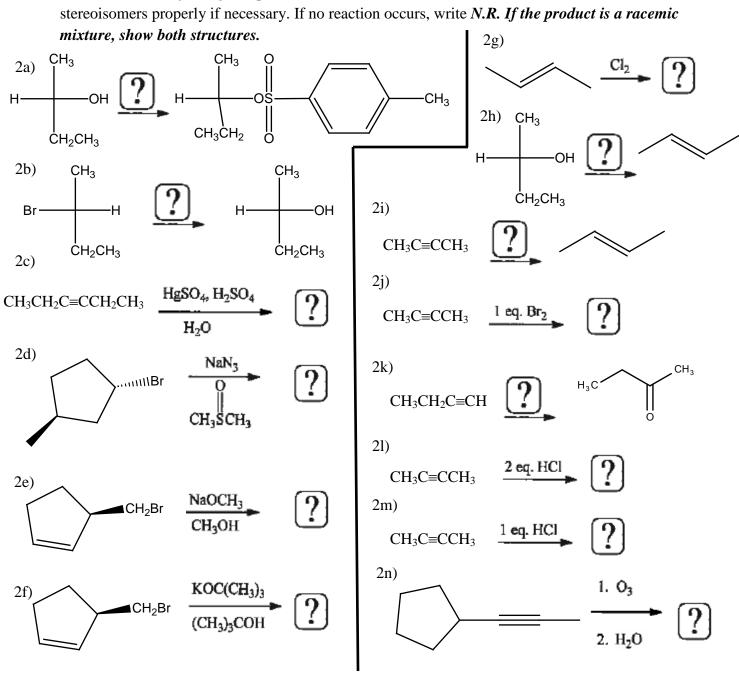
OH

 $CH_3$ 

#### Organic Chemistry I Practice Set #11 (Chapters 8-10 – Carey)

- 1) For the following compound, provide a name. Be sure to identify stereoisomers properly.
- 2) Fill in what is missing. Either give all of the missing reagents to complete the reaction or give a structural formula for the *major organic product(s)*. Show stereoisomers properly if necessary. If no reaction oc



Adapted from practice handouts created by Dr. EF Hilinski of Florida State University

3) Provide an efficient multistep synthesis for each of the following conversions of the given starting material into product. For each transformation, give all necessary reagents and catalysts and give a structural formula of the organic product. Show stereochemistry appropriately when necessary.

a) 
$$CH_3CH_2C\equiv CH$$
  $\rightarrow$   $CH_2CH_3$   $\rightarrow$   $CH_2CH_3$   $\rightarrow$   $CH_2CH_3$ 

c) 
$$\stackrel{\text{Br}}{\longleftarrow}$$
  $\rightarrow$ 

4) Using arrows to show the flow of electrons, write a stepwise mechanism for the reaction shown below. For your mechanism, concisely explain why X = 81% yield and Y = 19% yield when the reaction is performed at -80 °C and why X = 44% yield and Y = 56% yield when the reaction is performed at room temperature (25 °C).

$$H_2C=CHCH=CH_2+HBr$$
  $\rightarrow$   $X$   $Y$ 

#### Organic Chemistry I Answers to Practice Set #11 (Chapters 8-10 – Carey)

1) (1R,2S)-2-methyl-1-propynylcyclohexanol



## Organic Chemistry I Answers to Practice Set #11 (Chapters 8-10-Carey)

(4) H2(=(H-(H=(Hz + H-Br: -> [Hz(=(H-(Hz (H-(Hz)):Br))])))

There is more \$0 on the 20 ( than the 10) (...

At -80°C, 1,2-addition is favored, the reaction is kinet, cally controlled

b) HzC=(H-(H)-(H) +:Bir: -> HzC=(H-(H-(H)3)

X - major product @ 80°C

1) HzC-(H=(H(Hz+iBr: -> HzC(H=(HCHz)